RESEARCH ARTICLE



First record of the dotted grouper Epinephelus epistictus (Temminck & Schlegel, 1843) (Perciformes, Serranidae) in Malaysia

Jianguo Du¹, Kar-Hoe Loh², Amy Yee-Hui Then^{2,3}, Xinqing Zheng¹, Teguh Peristiwady⁴, Mohammed Rizman-Idid², Man Alias⁵

I Third Institute of Oceanography, Ministry of Natural Resources, Xiamen 361005, China 2 Institute of Ocean and Earth Sciences, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur 50603, Malaysia 3 Institute of Biological Sciences, Faculty of Science, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur 50603, Malaysia 4 Bitung Marine Life Conservation, Research Center for Oceanography, Indonesian Institute of Sciences, Bitung 97255, North Sulawesi, Indonesia
5 Planning and Development Division, Department of Fisheries Malaysia, Putrajaya 62628, Malaysia

Corresponding author: Kar-Hoe Loh (khloh@um.edu.my)

Academic editor: N. Bogutskaya Received 22 February 2019 Accepted 12 June 2019 Published 8 July 2019

Citation: Du J, Loh K-H, Then AY-H, Zheng X, Peristiwady T, Rizman-Idid M, Alias M (2019) First record of the dotted grouper *Epinephelus epistictus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1843) (Perciformes, Serranidae) in Malaysia. ZooKeys 861: 107–118. https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.861.34043

Abstract

Five specimens of *Epinephelus epistictus* (Temminck & Schlegel, 1843) were collected from a major landing site located on the west coast of Peninsula Malaysia during a fish faunal survey on 23 August 2017. The present study extends the distribution range of *E. epistictus* southwards from Andaman Sea to the Strait of Malacca. Species identification was confirmed by colour pattern and DNA barcoding (567 bp of cytochrome C oxidase I) of all *E. epistictus* specimens and nine closely related *Epinephelus* species. The interspecies genetic distance ranged from 0.002–0.245. This study also presents, for the first time for Malaysia, data on length-weight relationships and otolith measurements. It contributes to a better understanding of taxonomy, and phylogenetic and genetic diversity of *E. epistictus*.

Keywords

DNA barcoding, new record, otolith aspect ratio, phylogenetic and genetic diversity, taxonomy